## § 1962.45

remainder of such sale proceeds by the borrower for other purposes, provided the other the Agency debts are adequately secured, or the borrower arranges to pay the other debts from income or other sources and these payments can be depended upon.

- (9) To pay the remainder to the borrower.
  - (c) [Reserved]

[50 FR 45783, Nov. 1, 1985, as amended at 61 FR 35931, July 9, 1996]

## § 1962.45 Reporting sales.

Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1955–3, "Advice of Property Acquired," will be prepared and distributed according to the FMI when property is acquired by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354.

## § 1962.46 Deceased borrowers.

Immediately on learning of the death of any person liable to the Agency, the County Supervisor will prepare Form FmHA 455-17, "Report on Deceased Borrower," to determine whether any special servicing action is necessary unless the County Supervisor recommends settlement of the indebtedness under Subpart B of Part 1956 of this chapter. If a survivor will not continue with the loan, it may be necessary to make immediate arrangements with a survivor, executor, administrator, or other interested parties to complete the year's operations or to otherwise protect or preserve the security.

- (a) Reporting. The borrower's case files including Form 455–17 will be forwarded promptly to the State Director for use in deciding the action to take if any of the following conditions exist (When it is necessary to send an incomplete Form FmHA 455–17, any additional information which may affect the State Director's decision will be sent as soon as available on a supplemental Form FmHA 455–17 or in a memorandum.):
- (1) Probate or other administration proceedings have been started or are contemplated.
- (2) The debts owed to the Agency are inadequately secured and the state has other assets from which collection could be made.

- (3) The Agency's security has a value in excess of the indebtedness it secures and the deceased obligor owes other debts to the Agency which are unsecured or inadequately secured.
- (4) The County Supervisor recommends continuation with a survivor who is not liable for the indebtedness or recommends transfer to, and assumption by, another party.
- (5) The County Supervisor recommends, but does not have authority to approve liquidation.
- (6) The County Supervisor wants advice on servicing the case.
- (b) Probate or administration proceedings. Generally, probate or administration proceedings are started by relatives or heirs of the deceased or by other creditors. Ordinarily, the Agency will not start these proceedings because of the problems of designating an administrator or other similar official, posting bond, and paying costs. If probate or administration proceedings are started by other parties or at the Agency's request, and any security is to be liquidated by the Agency instead of by the administrator or executor or other similar official, it will be liquidated in accordance with the advice of OGC. The State Director may request OGC to recommend that the U.S. Attorney bring probate or administration proceedings when it appears that:
- (1) Such proceedings will not be started by other parties;
- (2) The Agency's interests could best be protected by filing a proof of claim in such proceedings, and
- (3) Public administrators or other similar officials or private parties, including banks and trust companies, are eligible to, and will serve as administrator or other similar official and will provide the required bond.
- (c) Filing proof of claim. When a proof of claim is to be filed, it will be prepared on a form approved by OGC, executed by the State Director, and transmitted to OGC. It will be filed by OGC or by the Agency official as directed by OGC or it will be referred by OGC to the U.S. Attorney for filing if representation of the Agency by counsel may be required. If a judgment claim is involved, the notification to the U.S. Attorney will be the same as for judgment claims in bankruptcy. If a direct